American Revolution: Study Guide

Define/Importance:
1. Parliamentary Sovereignty
2. Salutary Neglect
3. Mercantilism
4. Patriot
5. Loyalist
6. Benjamin Franklin
7. Thomas Jefferson
8. George Washington
9. Lord Cornwallis
10. Committee of Correspondence
11. Common Sense
12. Stamp Act
13. Townshend Act
14. Intolerable Act

Discussion Questions:
15. What were the causes of the French and Indian War? Who was involved? Who won? How was the winner impacted by the war?


17. What was the purpose of the Proclamation of 1763? How did the colonist respond?
18. Describe Benjamin Franklin’s “Albany Plan of Union.” Did it pass? Why or why not? Why is it important?

19. List the events leading up to the revolution in chronological order. (Road to Revolution Activity)

20. What were some beliefs of John Locke?

21. What was the Boston Tea Party? Why did it occur? How did the British respond?

22. What was the Boston Massacre? Why did it occur? What is so significant about the name?

23. How did colonist respond to British taxes?

24. Describe the battle of Lexington and Concord. (Outcome and significance)

25. Describe the battles of Trenton and Princeton. (Outcome and significance)
26. Describe the winter at Valley Forge. (Outcome and significance)

27. Describe the battle of Saratoga. (Outcome and significance)

28. Describe the battle of Yorktown. (Outcome and significance)

29. Describe France’s impact on the American Revolution. (Officers, point of involvement, etc.)


31. What was significant about the House of Burgesses in Virginia?

32. What did the Navigation Acts influence?

Essay:
Describe how each event listed below led to the American Revolution in 1776.

- Proclamation of 1763
- The Stamp Act
- Intolerable Acts
- Thomas Paine’s Common Sense
- The ideas of European Enlightenment
- Lexington and Concord