World Geography Semester 2 Exam 2015-2016

Answer the questions on a separate sheet of paper.

Europe and Russia

- 1. Why are the rivers of Europe important and how have they affected development? p. 275
- 2. What is the birth place of the world's first democracy? p. 289
- 3. What is the Bubonic Plague? How was it spread? p. 294-295
- 4. What countries are found on the Balkan Peninsula? p. 310
- 5. Why was the European Union formed? p. 292; 326 327
- 6. Know the 5 peninsulas of Europe and where they are located? p. 273
- 7. Why were rivers important to the history and development of Europe? p. 275
- 8. What geographic factor contributed to the rise of the Renaissance in Italian city-states? p. 289
- 9. What was the Protestant Reformation? **p. 297**
- 10. Who was Martin Luther and what did he do? p. 297
- 11. Baltic Republics are defined as what? **p. 361**
- 12. What is a command economy? **p. 364**
- 13. The Ural Mountains are defined by some geographers as? p. 346
- 14. What happened at Chernobyl in 1986? p. 368-369
- 15. What type of landform is Italy located on? p. 274
- 16. What is a market economy? p. 313
- 17. What was the feudal system? **p. 297**
- 18. What was the Holocaust? **p. 298**
- 19. What was the Renaissance? p. 291
- 20. Why was burning lignite coal a problem in Eastern Europe? p. 323

<u>Asia</u>

- 21. What are the 3 major rivers of South Asia? How have these rivers played a key role in supporting life in South Asia? Give 3 reasons. **p. 552-553**
- 22. What is the Three Gorges Dam and where was it built? p. 628
- 23. What are the beliefs of Confucianism? **p. 638**
- 24. What are the beliefs of Buddhism? **p. 638**
- 25. Agricultural productivity in India and Bangladesh is most affected by what? p. 557, 575, 598
- 26. What did the state of Kashmir do when given the choice to join either India or Pakistan? P. 600 -601
- 27. Why is the Huang He important to China? p. 621, 623
- 28. Why was the Huang He also known as "China's Sorrow"? p. 621
- 29. What geographic feature helped isolate China by creating a giant barrier between it and the Indian subcontinent? **p. 552**
- 30. What is OPEC and why was it formed? What region has the greatest number of members? p. 505
- 31. What is the "one child" policy in China? Why was it established? **p. 639**
- 32. How have the sacred rituals of the Hindus and centuries of intense use of the people of India, affected the Ganges River today? $\mathbf{p.560} \mathbf{561}$
- 33. Who is Mohandas Gandhi? p. 568
- 34. What is the difference between the Sunni and Shi'ites? WH book p. 271
- 35. What landform is India and Saudi Arabia located on? p. 479, 543
- 36. What is a caste system? What religion is most associated with the social caste system? p. 572
- 37. Who is Mao Zedong? p. 636
- 38. What is the most fertile farming region of India called? **p. 553**
- 39. Describe the 2 monsoon seasons. (summer and winter) p. 597
- 40. Name and describe the 5 early Chinese dynasties. p. 635
- 41. What is subsistence farming? **p. 575**

- 42. What is the Green Revolution? **p. 570**
- 43. What are the beliefs of Hinduism? **p. 571**
- 44. What are the beliefs of Islam? **p. 576**
- 45. What country in Southeast Asia is the largest archipelago? map on 680

Oceania/Australia

- 46. Where did the United States conduct nuclear testing in the 1940's and 1950's? **p. 700**
- 47. Who are the Maori? **p. 719**
- 48. Know the difference between the 3 island groups: Micronesia, Melanesia, and Polynesia. p. 713
- 49. Where do most of Australia's population live? **p. 696**

Africa

- 50. Which river provides more than 95 percent of Egyptians with water? **p. 416**
- 51. What is the Aswan Dam and why was it built? p. 426 -427
- 52. What does the Nile River Valley, Huang He, and Indus River have in common? Cradles of civilization
- 53. What are the causes of desertification? p. 424-425
- 54. What was the purpose of the Berlin Conference? p. 432
- 55. Why is Nelson Mandela a hero to many South Africans? 454 -455
- 56. What is the economic base of most African nations? p. 418
- 57. Desertification is an expansion of moist conditions to dry areas that are next to? p. 424
- 58. Ghana flourished as a trading center because of its access to? p. 443
- 59. The system that banned social contract between blacks and whites & segregated schools and neighborhoods was? 454
- 60. Which region is closely associated with conflict in the West Bank, Golan Heights, & the Sinai Peninsula? SWA/NA
- 61. The trans-Saharan trade carried out by West African civilizations was primarily based on an exchange of what? p. 443
- 62. How did Ghana and Mali establish their wealth? P. 443

Vocabulary

- 63. Five Themes of Geography
- 64. cultural diffusion
- 65. peninsula
- 66. archipelago
- 67. parliamentary
- 68. federal republic
- 69. democracy
- 70. monsoons
- 71. Crusades

Make a Religion Comparison Chart

Judaism

Christianity

Islam

Founder, place of origin, beliefs, sacred texts, followers, duties, name of deity

Buddhism Hinduism

Confucianism

Map Locations - Be able to locate on a map

Europe:	<u>Asia:</u>	SW Asia/N. Africa:	<u>Sub-Saharan Africa:</u>
Ural Mountains	Himalaya Mountains	Anatolian Peninsula	Ethiopia
Iberian Peninsula	China	Arabian Peninsula	Madagascar
Italian Peninsula	India	Saudi Arabia	South Africa
Balkan Peninsula	Japan		Chad
Jutland Peninsula	Indonesia		Nigeria
Scandinavian Peninsula			-